1	101	- th		ND	>1	6	to	ANE
5		Autumn	SB.	Spri	ing		Sum	imer
Branching Out	 Village Walk - Houses & Homes Village Walk - Places I visit. Autumn Walk - Around School Grounds. 	Seasons, Sense • Theatre Trip - 1 Gingerbread Bo	es. flowers The School Boy season	s grounds walk – nal exploration walk – local arks	• Spring • Easter • Farm trip	• Ch		Rockpool School – coastline creatures
Book Time			Image: Second		THE GREAT RK BIG BOK OF FAMILIES WORKS BENKSNI WORKS BENKSNI			Measuring
Book time – key	refrains and phrases	<u>Vocabulary:</u> Exploring the sound, shape and meanings of new words	Call and Response: Taking turns to re- read the story or parts of the story	Question time: Answering que related to the (who, what, w when, how)	estions movem story express	<u>Time:</u> Making nents, actions, sion and to the story	What next?: Anticipating or remembering what happens next	All join in: Joining in with repeated refrains/ phrases and learning stories 'off by heart'
structure	Every book time session reading objectives	covers these key U	Understand the 5 key conco Print has meaning Print can have differ We read English fror The names of differe Page sequencing	rent purposes m left to right, top to	o bottom			
σ		nguage is developed through se elopment points are not tau	ghout the year through higl sessions, singing, bespoke s	speech and language	e interventions and v	weekly intervention	ns.	
Communication and Language	 Enjoy listening to longer Pay attention to more th Use an ever -range of voo Understand a question o Understand 'why' questi Sing a large repertoire of Know many nursery rhystory Develop their communication 	r stories and can remember han one thing at a time ocabulary or instruction that has 2 par tions like "why did the cater of songs	r much of what happens arts, "Get your coat and wa prpillar get fatter?" familiar books and be able have problems with irregu	ait at the door" e to tell a long Jlar tenses and	Routines Daily songs repeate to commonly used Autumn: Wheels or the mountain, Hum Spring: Incy Wincy Summer: In and our Dock, Polly put the Key instructions ac Taught:	ed with a 5 key son number songs, act n the bus, Old MacI npty Dumpty Spider, Tommy Th t the dusty bluebel kettle one ross the school day	ngs/ rhymes learned well a ion rhymes etc.) Donald's Farm, Twinkle Tw umb, Peter and Paul, Ring Ils, B.I.N.G.O, BaaBaa Black	across each term (in addition vinkle, The bear went over a Roses, Farmer in the den k Sheep, Hickory Dickory

1	Autumn	Sr	oring	Summer
2/14				Juniter Junite
	 Use longer sentences of 4-6 words Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagusing words as well as actions Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a budriver." 	many turns	Book Talk - daily Chatter box - weekly <u>Provision:</u> Investigation tuff trays to enco Small worlds linked to texts Role play - changing at differer Tonie Box to listen to longer sto Reading area Relaxation Den	nt points in the year
Physical Develop ment	 Gross Motor Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills Go up steps, or climb up apparatus using alternate feet Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width Begin to consider the resources they choose to carry out their plan Begin to collaborate with others to manage large items Taught PE sessions: Letter Join Animal movements incorporated into warm ups Mixed apparatus in the hall (key focus on balance, varying movement types, following a group. Autumn 1. Include access to play park and flicky trail) Ball skills (indoors and out) to include rolling, rolling pass, throwing, throwing pass, controlled kicking/ dribbling, kicking pass. Large balls. (Autumn 2. Include access to top pitch/field when weather appropriate) Learn a simple dance routine using flags/ streamers (End of Autumn 2 for Christmas Song performance) When weather permits, access to bicycles etc. on the top pitch to develop balance and skill on the bikes with reduced expectation for control Possible enhancements: Shoulder pivot Fence painting Painting with mops Mark making on the underside of the table Elbow pivot Chalkboard Indoor easels Gross motor movement: Rainbow balance trail and step stones from reception Building with Giant Polydron Obstacle course 	up for themselves, or in ted Increasingly be able to use patterns of movements wh rhythm Choose the right resources example, choosing a spade dug with a trowel Collaborate with others to moving a long plank safely <u>Taught PE sessions:</u> •Gymnastics across Spring 1 their own sequence to music end of Spring 2. Begin with b points of contact, then body transitions •Letter Join Animal movement Possible enhancements:	c-make group activities which they make ams and remember sequences and hich are related to music and a to carry out their own plan. For a to enlarge a small hole they manage large items, such as y and 2 with children creating using streamers/ flags by the balance movements with varying shapes and moving on to nts incorporated into routines as available within PE sessions or area near to the mirror range of tools available nd area mall area of the outdoor ontrol led to the outdoor area arge wooden bricks) and a together to build dens, ces fely) build moving vehicles rge rollers	 Gross Motor Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose (e.g. for a game like musical statues) Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and mark-make with increased control and precision Begin to engage with team games with given rules Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm Move with control - balance, riding and ball skills Taught PE sessions: Mixed apparatus in the hall (key focus on balance, varying movement types, paired and team movements. Include access to play park and flicky trail and moving across obstacles on the school field) Team games, beginning with base team games, e.g. stuck in the mud, and moving towards simple ball games. Outdoors as much as possible. LetterJoin animal movements incorporated into games and warm ups Possible enhancements: Bicycle etc. trails to follow using cones, lines, road signs to encourage stop/start and turning control Shoulder pivot Streamers and music in the outdoor area for children to move to music, creating their own patterns and shapes Elbow pivot Increased large scale drawing and writing opportunities in the outdoor area with marks for meaning further encouraged

		m	

Spring

Summer

The Aller		-					
Personal, Social and Emotional Developm ent	Fine Motor • Show an increasing desire to be independent and wanting to dress/ undress themselves (birth to 3) • Use large and fine motor skills to pour drinks, use cutlery (birth to 3) • Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed • Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example making snips in paper with scissors • Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils • Show preference for a dominant hand • Continue to demonstrate increased independence as they get dressed and undressed • Making friends/Understandin emotions and feelings.	Pouring own milk at Dressing and undres Taught: Daily fine motor acti Palm arches (providi fingertips on the sam both sides of the boo the body, vital early LetterJoin: (See resource book for Finger and hand exer Pencil Activities Provision: Free access creative Writing opportunitie Range of block sizes Velcro construction I Opportunities for sho Sand drawing oppor Small world and loos Collage Paper ripping Cutting Funky fingers trays	ng on own coat, s snack table and ssing for toileting ivities to incorpor- ing support to fin- ne hand), finger i dy at the same tin- skill for reading) or details) rcises arts area as within provision in construction blocks oulder and elbow tunities for wrist se parts resource within provision	rate the fine motor strength den ngers to hold and manipulate m isolation (moving fingers indivic me in a controlled way, e.g. cut), hand-eye coordination (contr), hand-eye coordination (contr)) pivot in the outdoor environm t pivot	nack available g levels of proficiency expected velopment points – Pincer grasp ark making tools), Thumb oppo lually), Knuckle, PIP and DIP join ting and holding paper, crossing rolling hand movement guided b	o (using thumb and forefinge sition (ability to turn and rot nts strength and control, bila g the midline (crossing the ar	r to manipulate small objects), tate the thumb to touch all of the interal coordination (coordinating ims and legs to the other side of • How far I've come
				Early Sound A	wareness		
English	Early Sound Awareness Early phonological awareness • Develop their phonological awareness of that they can • Spot and suggest rhymes • Count or clap syllables in a word • Recognise words with the same initial sound • Pre-Sounds Write teaching • Familiarise children with the routines of the Sounds Write programme • Gradually introduce some of the initial code towards the end of the summer term with the focus being on					low car). Link to key rhymes	

	Autumn	Spring Summer
	independence and familiarity of the programme as well as early exposure to the initial code Focus on children having the confidence to 'have a try'	
		Reading and Writing
	 Reading and Writing Develop their phonological awareness so that they can Spot and suggest rhymes Count or clap syllables in a word Recognise words with the same initial sound Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy Write some or all of their name Write some letters accurately 	Routines examples: Children will begin with picture pegs as an early point for name recognition. In the Spring term, children will begin to identify their own name cards as part of their home time routine and will start to use these name cards to help them to write their own name on their work. Daily storytime also touches on rhyme and syllable clapping. Taught: Daily book time sessions will explore the 5 key concepts about print as well as vocabulary development. Daily access to discussions around phonological awareness leading to taught pre-sounds write sessions in the Summer term LetterJoin sessions, 3x a week to explore the pre-writing shapes together, moving towards some letters in the Summer term Daily fine motor activities for pencil control Provision: Access to mark making opportunities throughout the indoor and outdoor areas Fine motor activities and funky fingers trays Increased focus on wrist pivot activities within provision in the summer term – e.g. dab painting, threading, splatter painting
		Scribble Club
	• •	• • •
		hs skills are embedded and developed through repetition of key learning areas across the year. taught in a linear fashion but are constantly repeated with challenge increasing in line with children's developing skills.
<mark>aths</mark>	Number Cardinality and counting. • Children will engage with action and number rhymes • Children will say number words in sequence • Children apply 1:1 correspondence to items in regular or irregular arrangements (secure to 5, extending to 10) • Children will count objects, actions and sounds • Children will show 'finger numbers' to 5 • Children will show 'finger numbers' to 5 • Children apply 1:0 count objects, actions and sounds • Children will show 'finger numbers' to 5 • Children solve real world maths problems with numbers to 5 • Children have plenty of opportunity to count out an amount from a larger group, knowing when to stop	Routines examples: "How many in school?", number language and counting within snack, 5 frames in (some) areas to indicate how many children to access and counting encouraged and modelled for this. Tidy up time - organising items into appropriate sets. Taught: Number of the day taught daily, incorporating to 5 principles each day within the session. Number songs shared daily. Small group activities linked to number (one planned session per week) More than/less than language through small taught sessions (also addressed within the WellComm Language Toolkitcheck section and lesson) Comparing groups of different and equal amounts Base Provision examples: 5 little ducks in the water area Tuff tray set ups linked to number songs (5 little frogs) 5 frames available within indoor and outdoor provision Small wooden loose parts 5 frames Ittgames.co.uk - counting games available.

Ma

1.30

Summer

• Children can recognise small quantities without needing to count in regular and irregular arrangements (subitise)	
Children will begin to recognise some	
numerals and begin to match these to quantities	
 Children experiment with their own 	
symbols and marks	
Children will have an awareness that	
rearranging items does not change the quantity	
Comparison.	
 Children will be able to compare groups, 	
using terms of 'more' and 'less' (include small and	
large items to draw attention to the numerosity	
of the comparison, not the size)	
 Children will know that groups can be 	
equal in quantity and will develop skills to check	
(counting/ one-one matching)	
Children will begin to compare quantity	
using numerals/spoken number rather than	
physical groups	
 Children will be able to generalise the 	
one more/ one less relationship within numbers to	
5 (extending to 10 for some)	
Composition.	
 Children will be introduced to 'part- 	
whole' and be able to talk about and see small	
numbers within a large collection (e.g. ladybird	
spots – I see 1 spot and 4 spots, there are 5 spots	
altogether)	
 Children will be introduced to inverse 	
operations through looking at 'part-whole' and	
recombining to bring back the whole	
Shape, space and measure	Routines examples:
Shape and space	Having own space on the carpet.
Children will move, rotate and explore	Being able to move own body into a space of their own during activities so that we are not bumping into others, building spatial awaren
both themselves and objects to experiment with	and understanding of personal space.
spatial awareness and different viewpoints	Use of early language for time throughout. Use of positional language throughout (lining up etc.)
Children will develop awareness and	Tidying of construction blocks (shapes for purpose/ stacking flat shapes, unable to stack curved shapes)
application of spatial vocabulary in a range of	
contexts	Taught:
Children will have opportunities and be	WellComm language toolkit (section 6) explores 'est' within taught session
encouraged to use spatial language with small	Questioning – toys in a line, Can you tell me what the Teddy is seeing? Who is in front/ behind etc?
world play and model building	Shape names taught informally throughout with some discrete sessions on shape language and identification.
Children will use simple	Shape properties taught informally throughout with appropriate language selection.
maps/pictures/walks to describe a familiar route	Spatial language used within PE sessions.
Children will have opportunities to	Mapping work completed
explore a range of shapes and their attributes,	BeeBots/ remote control toys (find) Moving each other as robots (PE)
including shape names	Retelling familiar stories (e.g Bear Hunt/ What the Ladybird Heard) where characters navigate a route/ obstacles
	Guess the object games (wrapped objects/ fully hidden objects)

Summer Children will be able to select shapes to Comparing ourselves (Autumn 1 - Who am I? topic) taller etc. fulfil a particular need Find items shorter than/ heavier than a given item. Children will talk about some of the Playing odd one out (container shapes, all the same amount bar one) similarities and differences between shapes, being picture sequences to explore passage of time introduced to key language surround the attributes of shapes (face, edge, straight, curved **Provision examples:** etc.) Physical development resources in the outdoor area allow for development of spatial awareness, movement and rotation. Children will be encouraged to talk Construction area lends itself well to explore properties of shape, suitability of a shape for a purpose, comparing shapes. about the properties of shape through being Junk modelling. asked, informally, about their constructions and Capacity and measure opportunities within water tray, sand outdoors. representations (e.g children may use Ictgames.co.uk - shape games available comparisons such as ball-shaped etc.) Balance routes, bicycle routes. Measure Jigsaws, tangrams (? Any available?), postboxes, train track Children will have opportunities to Making dens in the outdoors (check resources available. Should still have tent poles, fabrics, plus Giant Polydron) develop awareness of specific attributes of Opportunities within malleable modelling activities to explore language of size. measure of length, capacity and weight. Balancing station (possible link during Christmas and presents). Compare hidden parcels (some small, heavy to reiterate size doesn't Language will include, but not be limited to, always equal heavies) tall/small (short), heavy/light, long/short, full/empty Children will begin to show understanding of the 'est' terms in relation to these attributes (e.g. biggest, longest, smallest) Children will have opportunities to compare measures of size, length, weight and capacitu verballu Children will be exposed to the comparative language needed Children will begin to explore estimation and prediction to compare things indirectly (e.g. Which box would be best to fit Teddy in? I need to take this table outside, will it fit through the door?) Children will be introduced to very early language for time through learning the days of the week and applying positional language of time (including but not limited to before, after, next) and relative terms (yesterday, tomorrow) Patterns **Routines examples:** Children will have lots of opportunities Children have their own spot on the carpet . to explore and continue an AB pattern and will be Taught examples: able to continue a simple AB pattern, using Within number sessions, patterns seen for subitising physical items, with some consistency. Some Taught sessions on pattern, linked to topic children will begin to continue ABC patterns. Pattern searching indoors/ outdoors Children will copy simple AB patterns Finding patterns at home for home task using physical items and some children will Spot the mistake maths activity replicate an image of an AB pattern using items **Provision examples:** Children will begin to explore patterns Coloured blocks to create patterns on their own and create their own AB patterns Pattern grids added to provision to copy and complete patterns (some children will create ABC patterns) Creating patterns using collage

Autumn

Spring

Autumn	215-	Spring
		-
ll begin to spot clear errors in	Coloured beads for threading	g to create patterns

a simple AB pattern

Children wil

Children will spot some repeating patterns in the world around, particularly given opportunities to find repeating patterns in the natural world

Big Ideas Sets:

Sets can be compared and ordered .

The same collection can be stored in different ways

Attributes can be used to sort collections into sets

Number sense:

- The quantity of a small collection can be intuitively perceived without counting. (subitising)
- Quantity is an attribute of a set of objects and we use numbers to name specific quantities
- Numbers are used in many ways, some more mathematical than others .

Counting:

- Counting has rules that apply to any collection
- Counting can be used to find out "how many" in a collection .

Operations:

- A quantity (whole) can be decomposed into equal or unequal parts; the parts can be composed to form the whole
- Sets can be compared using the attribute of numerositu, and ordered by more than, less than, equal to
- Sets can be changed by adding items (joining) or by taking items away (separating)

Pattern:

- The same pattern structure can be found in many different forms
- Identifying the rule of a pattern brings predictability and allows one to make generalisations
- Patterns are sequences (repeating or growing) governed by a rule; they exist both in the world and in mathematics .

Measurement:

- Quantifying a measurement helps us describe and compare more precisely
- All measurement involves a "fair" comparison ٠
- Many attributes can be measured, even when measuring a single object .

Data Analysis:

- It is useful to compare parts of the data and to draw conclusions about the data as a whole .
- Data must be represented in order to be interpreted, and how date are gathered and organised depends on the question
- The purpose of collecting data is to answer questions when the answers are not immediately obvious

Spatial relationships:

- Spatial relationships can be visualised and manipulated mentally
- Our own experiences of space and 2D shape reflect a specific point of view
- Relationships between objects and places can be represented with mathematical precision

Shape:

- Shapes can be combined and separated (composed and decomposed) to make new shapes
- The flat faces of solid (3D shapes) are 2D shapes .
- Shapes can be defined and classified according to their attributes

	Past and Present							
Underst	• Routines	 Me and my family/Me as a 	•	My Journey (From a	 Making sense of my life 	 My memories 	 My nursery timeline 	
anding		baby		baby to now)	story			
the								
World								
-				People Culture and	Communities			

Spring

Summer

L.		Autumn	Spi	ring	S	ummer
	Houses and Homes Places I visit	 Being kind/Friendship Different ways we celebrate Christmas Verbally retell the nativity story Enjoying special times and events. 	 My journeys - where have I been and where would I like to go Mapping a journey 	Making sense of my life story.	 Countries we would like to visit Places that are special to me Adventures Abroad - where would we like to visit 	Places that might be special to others (introduction to different places of worship)
		1	The Natura	l World		1
	 Living things and their habitats Use all their senses in handson exploration of natural materials. Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things. <u>Humans</u> Use all their senses in handson exploration of natural materials. Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history. Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and 	Light • Explore how things work. • Talk about the differences in materials and changes they notice. <u>Electricity</u> • Explore how things work.	Animals, excluding humans • Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. • Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.	Plants • Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. • Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. • Plant seeds and care for growing plants. • Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. • Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.	Forces • Explore how things work. • Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. • Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.	Materials, including changing materials• Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials.• Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.• Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.Sound • Explore how things work.
	an animal.					
		<u> </u>	Creating with I	Materials	I	<u> </u>
		Progressions Study: Observati		nclude the main features of faces	and bodies in drawings	
Expressi ve Arts and Design	 Mark making using big, body movements Drawing – self portraits. Exploring and naming emotions through pictures (link to The Colour Monster) Junk modelling – using tape, understanding properties of 	 Using shapes to represent objects Using lines to enclose a space 	 Printing – looking at texture and pattern Collage – cutting and sticking Spring Craft: Suncatcher butterflies 		 Observational painting Colour mixing - primary colours Showing/ representing emotions/ actions through pictures 	 Modelling with clay – a self- portrait
	understanding properties of shapes Autumn Craft: Building the houses of the 3 pigs	Winter Craft: Collage and expression – decorating wooden Christmas bauble			Summer craft: Using colour in our paintings	Summer Craft: Clay self- portraits • End of year take home item.
			Easter Craft: Painted eggs			

1	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
		Being Imaginative and Expressive (see also Book Talk)		
and the second	Larger body movements	Finger movements	Complex and cooperative movements	
	Wheels on the Bus	 Incy, Wincy Spider 	 In and Out the Dusty Bluebells 	
4	Old MacDonald's Farm	Tommy Thumb	• B.I.N.G.O	
	Twinkle, Twinkle	Peter and Paul	• Baa, Baa Black Sheep	
	The Bear Went Over the Mountain	 Ring a Roses 	Hickory Dickory Dock	
	Humpty Dumpty	• Farmer in the Den	Polly Put the Kettle On	
	Identifying sounds	How does it make you feel?	• Song Time (pitch match)	
	Making sounds	• Listening to different genres of music and sharing thoughts		
	Syllable clapping	and feelings	• Creating own songs – lyrics	